

Bengal Cruelty To Animals Act, 1869

1 of 1869

[10 March 1869]

CONTENTS

1. Definition of "animal"
2. Penalty on cruelty to animals
3. Penalty on baiting animals, inciting them to fight
4. Penalty on permitting diseased animals to go at large or die in public places
5. Penalty for employing animal unfit for labor
- 5A. Penalty for practicing phuka
- 5B. Infirmaries
- 5C. Limitation of prosecutions
6. Trial of offences in Calcutta
7. Trial of offences out of Calcutta
8. Omitted
9. Limit of Act
10. Power to extend Act

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PREAMBLE

An Act for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals

Whereas it is expedient to make provision for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals;

it is enacted as follows:

1. Definition of "animal" :-

¹[In this Act, the word "animal" means any domestic or captured animal.]

1. Substituted, for the original Section 1 by Bengal Act 3 of 1900.

2. Penalty on cruelty to animals :-

Every person who shall cruelly and wantonly beat, ill-treat, abuse, torture, overdrive or overload, or cause to be beaten, ill treated, abused, tortured, overdriven or overloaded any animal, shall be liable to a fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

3. Penalty on baiting animals, inciting them to fight :-

Every person who shall incite any quadrupeds or birds, whether domestic or wild, to fight, or shall bait any animals, or shall aid or shall abet in so doing, shall be liable to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

4. Penalty on permitting diseased animals to go at large or die in public places :-

Every person who shall willfully and knowingly permit any animal, of which he may be owner, to go at large in any public street, road or thoroughfare, while such animal is affected with contagious or infectious disease, for shall willfully permit any diseased or disabled animal, of which he may be owner, to die in any public street, road or thoroughfare, shall be liable to a fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

5. Penalty for employing animal unfit for labor :-

¹[If any person employees in any work or labor any animal which, by reason of any disease, infirmity, wound, sore or other cause, is unfit to be so employed, or permits any such unfit animal in his possession or under his control to be so employed, he shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

1. Sections 5 to 5-C Substituted, for the original Section 5 by Bengal Act 3 of 1900.

5A. Penalty for practicing phuka :-

If any person performs upon any cow the operation called phuka he shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment which may extend to three months, or with both.

5B. Infirmaries :-

(1) The ¹[State] Government may, by general or special order appoint places to be infirmaries for the treatment and care of animal in respect of which offences against this Act have been committed.

(2) The Magistrate before whom a prosecution for such an offence has been instituted may direct that the animal in respect of which the offence is proved to have committed shall be sent for treatment and care to an infirmary and be there detained until it is, in his opinion, again fit for the work or labor on which it has been ordinarily employed.

(3) The cost of the treatment, feeding and watering of the animal in the infirmary shall be payable by the owner of the animal according to such scale of rates as the District Magistrate or in the case of an infirmary in a Presidency town, the Commissioner of Police may from time to time prescribe.

(4) If the owner refuses or neglects to pay such cost and to remove the animal within such time as the Magistrate referred to in sub-section (2) may prescribe, such Magistrate may direct that the animal be sold and that the proceeds of the sale be applied to the payment of such cost.

(5) The surplus, if any, of the proceeds of the sale shall, on application made by the owner within two months after the date of the sale, be paid to him; but the owner shall not be liable to make any payment in excess of the proceeds of the sale.

1. Substituted, by the Adaptation of Laws Order

5C. Limitation of prosecutions :-

¹[A prosecution for an offence against this Act shall not be instituted after the expiration of three months from the date of the commission of the offence.

1. Sections 5 to 5-C Substituted for the original Section 5 by Bengal Act 3 of 1900

6. Trial of offences in Calcutta :-

All complaints of offences against the provisions of this Act, alleged to have been committed in the town of Calcutta, shall be heard and determined in a summary way by same Police Magistrate of Calcutta.

7. Trial of offences out of Calcutta :-

Every charge of an offence against the provisions of this Act, alleged to have been committed out of Calcutta, may be heard and determined by any officer authorized to exercise any of the powers of Magistrate in the place in which such offence may be alleged to have been committed, and the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure shall apply to trial of every such charge.

8. Omitted :-

1[** * * * *]

1. Repealed. by Act 12 of 1873.

9. Limit of Act :-

This Act shall extend to the town of Calcutta and to the suburbs of the town of Calcutta as defined by any notification under Sections 1 to 3 **1**[Bengal Act 2 of 1866],

1. Substituted, by the Amending Act, 1903.

10. Power to extend Act :-

It shall be lawful for the **1**[State] Government **2**[* * * by an order published in the **3**[Official Gazette], to extend this Act to any city town, station, bazar, cantonment, villages district or portion of a district, to be mentioned and defined in such order, and from time to time by any order published, as aforesaid, to revoke, vary, amend or alter any such order.

1. Substituted, by the Adaptation of Laws Order
2. Repealed. by the Indian Independence (Adaptation of Bengal and Punjab Acts) Order, 1948.
3. Substituted, by the Adaptation of Laws Order for "Calcutta Gazette".